Tire Selection for Track Conditions

Choosing the correct tire tread pattern and rubber compound can affect your placing in competition. The tires on your CRF of fer a "happy medium" for the variety of soil conditions the majority of riders are likely to encounter.

Experienced competitors often switch to tires developed for specific terrain conditions. If you do switch, stay with the factory recommended sizes. Other tires may affect handling or acceleration.

Be aware that tire sizes (width and aspect ratio) do vary from manufacturer to manufacturer or even among tires made by the same manufacturer. Variations in tires, especially the sidewall profile, can change the attitude of your CRF and its handling. Tire variations that raise or lower the rear of your CRF have a more significant effect on handling than variations in front tires which, generally, don't vary as much. Often, you can see or feel the change in tire size. Another way to check is to measure the rolling circumference of the old and new tires. A higher profile tire will have a larger rolling circumference.

If you do switch to tires designed for special terrain use, remember they will be less acceptable in other circumstances. For example, an aggressive mud tire will give excellent grip on wet, loamy terrain, but less impressive grip on a hard surface.

If you choose a tire with a sticky compound for added traction, remember that it may transfer additional loads to the transmission because it grips so well, especially when riding in situations that normally place unusual demands on the transmission.

Complete consumer information can be obtained from the various tire manufacturer representatives and dealers.

Some general recommendations for specific terrain follow:

Hard, Slick Soil

Use tires with many relatively short knobs that are close together in order to obtain the lar gest possible contact patch on the surface. The rubber compound needs to be softer for hard ground in order to hook up, but not so soft that the knobs roll over easily and affect holding a straight line. These tires tend to wear more quickly than standard tires because of the combination of soft rubber and hard terrain.

Muddy Soil

Use a more open tread pattern to avoid clogging. For these conditions, the relatively long knobs will probably be made from a harder rubber compound to reduce any tendency to bend back under acceleration or wear quickly.

Loose, Sandy Soil

Use a tire that is similar in construction to those needed for tacky soil and mud, but with a few more knobs.